MDS-HC Assessment Version 9

Look for physically disabled individuals who are functionally impaired, or who have acquired a cognitive loss, that results in the need for assistance

Rev. 04/11 Note: Remember when assessing LOC with the Multi Data Set – Home Care (MDS-HC) that the target population for SOURCE are physically disabled individuals who are functionally impaired, or who have acquired a cognitive loss, that results in the need for assistance in the performance of the activities of daily living (ADLs) or instrumental activities of daily living (IADLs); these individuals must meet the Definition for Intermediate Nursing Home LEVEL OF CARE.)

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	ome Care (HC)© UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED]
	12.RESDENTIAL / LIVING STATUS AT TIME OF ASSESSMENT
SECTION A. IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION 1. NAME	Private home /apartment / rented room
L NAME	Board and care Assisted living or semi-independent living
a. (First) b. (Middle Initial) c. (Last) d. (Jr/Sr)	 Mental health residence—e.g., psychiatric group home Group home for persons with physical disability
2. GENDER	Setting for persons with intellectual disability Psychiatric hospital or unit
1. Male 2. Female	8. Homeless (with or without shelter) 9. Long-term care facility (nursing home)
3. BIRTHDATE	10.Rehabilitation hospital / unit
4. MARITAL STATUS Year Month Day	11 . Hospice facility / palliative care unit 12. Acute care hospital
1. Never married 2. Married	13.Correctional facility 14.Other
Partner / Significant other Widowed	13.LMNG ARRANGEMENT
5. Separated 6. Divorced	a. Lives
5. NATIONAL NUMERIC IDENTIFIER (EXAMPLE - USA)	Alone With spouse / partner only
a. Social Security number	With spouse /partner and other(s) With child (not spouse / partner)
b. Medicare number (or comparable railroad insurance	5. With parenit(s) or guardian(s) 6. With sibling(s)
number)	7. With other relatives 8. With non-relative(s)
	b. Ascompared to 90 DAYS AGO (or since last
c. Medicaid number [Note: "+" if pending, "N" if not a Medicaid recipient]	assessment), per son now lives with some one new— e.g., moved in with another person, other moved in
	0. No 1. Yes c. Person or relative feels that the person would be
6. FACILITY/AGENCY PROVIDER NUMBER	better off living elsewhere
	No Yes, other community residence Yes, institution
7. CURRENTPAYMENT SOURCES [EXAMPLE - USA]	
(Note: Billing Office to indicate)	14.TME SINCE LAST HOSPITAL STAY Code for most recent instance in LAST 90 DAYS
0. No 1. Yes	No hospitalization within 90 days 31 to 90 days ago
a. Medicaid	2. 15 to 30 days ago
b. Medicare	3. 8 to 14 days ago 4. In the last 7 days 5. Nowin hospital
c. Self or family pays for full cost d. Medicare with Medicaid co-payment	SECTION B. INTAKE AND INITIAL HISTORY
e. Private insurance	[Note: Complete at Admission/First Assessment only]
f. Other per diern	DATE CASE OPENED (this agency)
8. REASON FOR ASSESSMENT	20
First assessment Routine reassessment	Year Month Day
Return assessment Return assessment Significant change in status reassessment	2. ETHNICITY AND RACE [EXAMPLE - USA]
Discharge assessment, covers last 3 days of service Discharge tracking only	0.No 1.Yes
7. Other—e.g., research	a. Hispanic or Latino
9. ASSESSMENT REFERENCE DATE	RACE
	b. American Indian or Alaska Native c. Asian
Year Month Day	d. Black or African American
10. PERSON'S EXPRESSED GOALS OF CARE Enter primary goal in toxes at bottom	e. Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander f. White
Entry primary goar in taxes at bottom	
	3. PRIMARY LANGUAGE [EXAMPLE - USA] 1. English
	2. Spānish 3. French
	4. Other
[4. RESIDENTIAL HISTORY OVER LAST 5 YEARS
	Code for all settings person lived in during 5 YEARS prior to date case opened (item B1)
	0.No 1.Yes a. Long-term carefacility—e.g., rursinghome
11. POSTAL / ZIP CODE OF USUAL LIMING ARRANGEMENT	b. Board and care home, assisted living
[EXAMPLE-USA]	c. Mental health residence—e.g., psychiatric group home
22.27	d. Psychiatric hospital or unit
© interRAI 1994, 1996, 1997, 1999, 2002, 2005, 2006 (09) [UPDATED	e. Setting for persons with intellectual disability

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	SECTION C. COGNITION	 Wbderate difficulty—Problem hearing normal conver- sation, requires guiet setting to hear well
1	COGNITIVE SKILLS FOR DAILY DECISION MAKING	sation, requires quiet setting to hear well 3. Severe difficulty —Difficulty in all situations (e.g., speal
-7.5	Making decisions regarding tasks of daily life_e.g., when to	hasto talk loudly or speak very slowly, or person report:
	get up or have meals, which clothes to wear or activities to do	that all speech is mumbled) 4. No hearing
	 Independent—Decisions consistent, reasonable, and safe 	4. VISION
	 Modified independence—Some difficulty in 	A bility to see in adequate light (with glasses or with other visual
	new situations only 2. Minimally impaired—In specific recurring	appliance normally used)
	situations, decisions, become poor or unsafe;	Adequate—Sees fine detail, including regular print in newspapers / books
	cues / supervision necessary at those times 3. Moderate/y impaired—Decisions consistently	1 Marina Laifficutus Saaslama nint hitort -
	poor or unsafe; cues / supervision required at	regular print in newspapers / books 2. **Mbderate difficulty**—Limited vision; not able to see newspaper headlines, but can identify objects
	all times 4. Se verely impaired—Never or rarely makes	to see newspaper headlines, but can identify objects
	decisions	 Severe d Fficu Ry — Object identification in question, but eyes appear to follow objects; sees only light,
	 No discernable consciousness, coma [Skip to Section G] 	colors, shapes 4. No vision
2.	MEMORY / RECALL ABILITY	SECTION E. MOOD AND BEHAVIOR
	Code for recall of what was learned or known	1. NDICATORS OF POSSIBLE DEPRESSED, ANNIOUS, OR
	O. Yes, memory OK	SAD MOOD
	atter5 minutes —	Code for indicators observed in last 3 days, irrespective of the assumed cause (Note: Whenever possible, ask person)
	Procedural memory OK — Can perform all or almost all steps in a multitask sequence without cues	U. Not present
	c. Situational memory OK —Both; recognizes caregivers' —	1. Present but not exhibited in last 3 days 2. Exhibited on 1-2 of last 3 days
	names / faces fre quently encountered AND knows location	3. Exhibited daily in last 3 days
	of places regularly visited (bedroom, dining room, activity room, therapy room)	a. Made negative statements—e.g., "Nothing matters:
3.	PERIODIC DISORDERED THINKING OR AWARENESS	Would rather be dead; What's the ūse; Regret having ilved so long; Letme die!
	[Note: Accurate assessment requires conversations with staff,	b. Persistent anger with self or others—e.g., easily
	family or others who have direct knowledge of the person's behavior over this time]	annoyed, anger at care received c. Expressions, including non-verbal, of what appear
	Behavior not present	to be unrealistic fears—e.g., fear of being abandoned,
	Behavior present, consistent with usual functioning Behavior present, appears different from usual	being lett alone, being with others; intense fear of specific L objects or situations
	functioning (e.g., newonset or worsening; different from a few week's ago)	d. Repetitive health complaints—e.g., persistently seeks
	from a few weeks ago) a. Easily distracted—e.g., episodes of difficulty paying	d. Repetitive health complaints—e.g., persistently seeks medical attention, incessant concern with body functions e. Repetitive anxious complaints/concerns (non-health
	attention; gets sidetracked	related) — e.g., persistently seeks attention / reassurance regarding schedules, meals, laundry, dothing, relationships
	b. Episodes of disorganized speech—e.g., speech is nonsensical, irrelevant, or rambling from subject to subject	regarding schedules, meals, laundry, dothing, relationships f. Sad, pained, or worried facial expressions—e.g.,
	losestrain ofthought	furrowed brow, constant frowning
	c. Mental function varies over the course of the day—	g. Crying, tearfulness
1	e.g., sometimes better, sometimes worse ACUTE CHANGE IN MENTAL STATUS FROM PERSON'S	h. Recurrent statements that something terrible is about
	USUAL FUNCTIONING – e.g., restlessness, lethargy, difficult	tohappen – e.g., believes he orshe is about to die, have a heart attack
	to arouse, altered environmental perception	i. Withdrawal from activities of interest—e.g.,long-stand-
-	0. No 1. Yes	ing activities, being with family / friends
Э.	CHANGE IN DECISION MAKING AS COMPARED TO 90 DAYS AGO (OR SINCE LAST ASSESSMENT)	j. Reduced social interactions k. Expressions, including non-verbal, of a lack of
	0. Improved 2. Declined	pleasure in life (anhedonia)—e.g.,"I don't enjoy anything
	1.Noʻchange 8.Uncertain ∟	anymore" 2. SELF-REPORTED MOOD
	SECTION D. COMMUNICATION AND VISION	0. Not in last 3 days
1.	MAKING SELF UNDERSTOOD (Expression)	1. Not in last 3 days, but often feels that way
	Expressing information content—both verbal and non-verbal 0. Understood—Expresses ideas without difficulty	2.In1-2 of last 3 days 3.Daily in the last 3 days
	1. Usually understood—Difficulty finding words or	8. Person could not (would not) respond
	Visually understood—Difficulty finding words or finishing thoughts BUT if given time, little or no prompting required	As k: "In the last 3 days, how often have you felt"
	2. Often understood—Difficulty finding words	a. Little interest or pleasure in things you normally enjoy?
	or finishing thoughts AND prompting usually required 3. Sometimes understood—Ability is limited	b. Anxious, restless, or uneasy?
	to making concrete requests	c. Sad, depressed, or hopeless?
	4. Rarely or never understood	3. BEHAVIOR SYMPTOMS
2.	ABILITY TO UNDERSTAND OTHERS (Comprehension)	Code for indicators observed, irrespective of the assumed
	Understanding verbal information content (however able, with hearing appliance normally used)	cau se 0. Not Present
	Understands—Clear comprehension	Present but not exhibited in last 3 days
	 Us ually understands—Misses some part / intent of message BUT comprehends most conversation 	Exhibited on 1-2 of last 3 days Sexhibited daily in last 3 days
	 Often understands—Misses some part / intert 	a. Wan dering — Moved with no rational purpose, seemingly
	of message BUT with repetition or explanation can often comprehend conversation	oblivious to needs or safety
	 Sometimes understands—Responds adequately to 	 b. Verbal abuse—e.g., others were threatened, screamed at, cursed at
	simple, direct communication only 4. Rarely or never understands	c. Physical abuse—e.g., others were hit, shoved, scratched,
3.	HEARING	sexually abused d. Socially inappropriate or disruptive behavior—e.g., mader
	Ability to hear (with hearing appliance normally used)	disruptive sounds or noises, screamed out, smeared or threw
	 Ade quate—No difficulty in normal conversation, social interaction, listening to TV 	food or feces, hoarded, rummaged through other's belongings
	 Minimal difficulty—Difficulty in some environments 	e. Inappropriate public sexual behavior or public disrobing
	(e.g., when person speaks softly or is more than	f. Resists care —e.g., taking medications / injections, ADL □

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Į	interRAI Hom SECTION F. PSYCHOSOCIAL WELL-BEING	h. Transportation—Howtravels by public transportation
	SOCIAL RELATIONSHPS (Note: Whenever possible, ask person)	(navigating system, paying fare) or driving self (including getting out of house, into and out of vehicles)
	0. Never	2. ADL SELF-PERFORMANCE
	1. More than 30 days ago 2.8 to 30 days ago	Consider all episodes over 3-day period. ###################################
	3.4 to 7 days agō 4.In last 3 days	fany episodes at leve16, and others less dependent, score ADL as a 5.
	8. Unable to determine	Otherwise, focus on the three most dependent episodes (or all episodes if performed fewer than 3 times). If most dependent
	a. Participation in social activities of long-standing interest 5. Visit with a long-standing social relation or family	épisode is 1, score ADL as 1. If not, score ADL as least dependent of those episodes in range 2-5.
	member	0. Independent—No physical assistance, setup, or
3	c. Other interaction with long-standing social relation or family member—e.g., telephone, e-mail	supervision in any episode 1. Independent, setup help only—Article or device
1	d. Conflict or anger with family or friends	provided or placed within reach, no physical assistance or supervision in any episode
	e. Fearful of a family member or close acquaintance	2. Supervision—Oversight /cuing
	f. Neglected, abused, or mistreated LONELY	 Limited assistance—Guided maneuvering of limbs, physical guidance without taking weight
	Says or indicates that he / she feels lonely 0. No 1. Yes	 Extensive assistance—Weight-bearing support (including lifting limbs) by 1 helper where person still performs 50%
	CHANGE IN SOCIAL ACTIVITIES IN LAST 90 DAYS	or more of subtasks 5. Maximal assistance—Weight-bearing support (including
	(OR SINCE LAST ASSESSMENT IF LESS THAN 90 DAYS AGO) Decline in level of participation in social, religious, occupational or other preferred activities	litting limbs) by 2+ helpers — OR — Weight-bearing support for more than 50% of subtasks 6. Total dependence — Full performance by others during
1	F THÈRE WAS ADECLINE, person distressed by this fact 0. No decline	al episodes 8. Activity did not occur during entire period
	Dedine, not distressed Dedine, distressed	a. Bathing —How takes a full-body bath / shower, Includes
	LENGTH OF TIME ALONE DURING THE DAY (MORNING AND AFTERNOON)	howtransfers in and out offulo or shower AND howeach part of body is bathed: arms, upper and lower legs, chest, abdomen, perineal area - EXCLUDE WASHING OF BACK
	0. Less than 1 hour 1.1-2 hours 2. More than 2 hours but less than 8 hours 3. 8 hours or more	AND HAIR' b. Personal hygiene —Howmanages personal hygiene,
	3.8 hours or more MAJOR LIFE STRESSORS IN LAST 90 DAYS—e.g., episode of	including combing hair, brushing teeth, shaving, applying make-up, washing and drying face and hands - EXCLUDE
	severe personal illness; death or severe illness of close family	BATHS AND SHOWERS
	member/friend, loss of home; major loss of income / assets; victim of a crime such as rotibery or assault; loss of driving licenselcar 0. No 1. Yes	c. Dressing upper body —How thesses and undresses (street dothes, underwear) above the waist, including prostheses, orthotics, fasteners, pullovers, etc.
	SECTION G. FUNCTIONAL STATUS ADJUSTED FOR MANCE AND CAPACITY	d. Dressing lower body —How dresses and undresses (street dothes, underwear) from the waist down including prostheses, orthotics, belts, pants, skirts, shoes, fasteners, etc.
	Code for PERFORMANCE in routine activities around the home or in the community during the LAST3 DAYS	e. Walking—Howwalksbetween locationson same floor indoors
	Code for CAPA CITY based on presumed ability to carry out activ- ity as independently as possible. This will require "speculation" by the assessor.	f. Locomotion—Howmoves between locations on same floor (walking or wheeling). If in wheelchair, self-sufficiency once in chair
	Independent—No help, setup, or supervision Setup help only	g. Transfertoilet —How moves on and offtoilet or commode
	1. Setup help only 2. Supervision—Oversight /cuing 3. Limited assistance—Help on some occasions 4. Extensive assistance—Help throughout task, which performs 50% or more of task on own	h. Toilet use—How uses the toilet room (or commode, bedpan, urinal), cleanses self after toilet use or inconfinent episode(s), changes pad, manages ostomy or catheter, adjusts
	but performs 50% or more of task on own 5. Maximal assistance—Help throughout task, but performs less than 50% of task on own	cothes - EXCLUDE TRANSFER ON AND OFF TOLET i. Bed mobility—How moves to and from lying position, turns
	6. Total dependence—Full performance by others	from side to side, and positions body while in bed j. Eating—Howeats and drinks (regardless of skill). Includes
	4. Extensive assistance—Help throughout task, but performs 50% or more of task on own 5. Maximal assistance—Help throughout task, but performs less than 50% of task on own 6. Total dependence—Full performance by others during entire period 8. Activity did not occur—During entire period [DO NOT USE THIS CODE IN SCORING CAPACITY]	intake of nourishment by other means (e.g., tube feeding, total parenteral nutrition)
8	a. Meal preparation —How meals are prepared (e.g.,	3. LOCOMOTION /WALKING
	planning meals, assembling ingredients, cooking, setting out food and utensils)	a. Primary mode of locomotion
ł	b. Ordinary housework—How ordinary work around the house is performed (e.g., doing dishes, dusting,	Walking, no assistive device Walking, uses assistive device—e.g., cane, walker, crutch, pushing wheelchair
	making bed, tidying up, laundry)	2. Wheelchair, scooter 3. Bedbound
(c. Managing finances—Howbills are paid, checkbook is balanced, household expenses are budgeted, credit card account is monitored	Timed 4-meter (13 foot) walk [Lay out a straight unobstructed course. Have person stand
(d. Managing medications—Howmedications are managed (e.g., remembering to take medicines, opening buttles, taking correct drug dosages, giving injections, applying priments)	in still position, feet just touching start line] Then say: "When I tell you begin to walk at a normal pace (with cane/walker if used). This is not a test of how fast you can walk. Stop when I tell you to stop. Is this clear?" Assessor may demonstrate test.
6	e. Phone use.—Howtelephone calls are made or received (with assistive devices such as large numbers on telephone, amplification as needed)	Then say: "Begin to walk now" Start stopwatch (or can count seconds) when first foot falls. End count when foot falls beyond 4-meter mark.
1	f. Stairs—Howfull flight of stairs is managed (12-14 stairs)	Then say: "You may stop now" Enfler time in seconds, up to 30 seconds. 30. 30 or more seconds to valk 4-meters
Ç	g. Shopping —Howshopping is performed for food and household items (e.g., selecting items, paying money) -	77. Stopped before test complete 88. Refused to do the test 99. Nottested—e.g., does not walk on own

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2.15.140 foot (5.40 motors)	0.No 1.Yes
2.15-149 feet (5-49 meters) 3.150-299 feet (50-99 meters)	
3.150-299 feet (50-99 meters)	SECTION I. DISEASE DIAGNOSES
	Disease code 0. Not present
5.1/2 mile or more (1+ kilom eters)	Primary diagnosis/diagnoses for current stay
d. Distance wheeled self -Farthest distance wheeled self at	Diagnosis present, receiving active treatment Diagnosis present, monitored but no active treatment
one time in the LAST 3 DAYS (includes independent use of motorized wheelchair) 1. D	DISEASE DIAGNOSES
0. Wheeled by others 1. Used motorized wheelchair / scooter	MUSCULOSKELETAL
2. Wheeled self less than 15 feet (under 5 meters)	a. Hip fracture during last 30 days (or since last assessment if less than 30 days)
3. Wheeled self 1 5.149 feet (5.49 in eters) 4. Wheeled self 130.299 feet (50.99 in eters) 5. Wheeled self 300+ feet (100+ in eters)	o. Other fracture during last 30 days (or since last
	assessment if less than 30 days)
A ACTAEDULE E	NEUROLOGICAL c. Alzheimers disease
a Total house of evereign or physical activity in LAST?	d. Dementia other than Alzheimers disease
0. None e	e. Herniplegia
2.1-2 hours	f, Multiple sclerosis g, Paraplegia
3.34 hours	n. Parkinson's disease
b In the LAST 3 DAYS, number of days went out of the	. Quadriplegia
house or building in which he/she resides (no matter	. Stroke/CVA
U. NU days out	CARDIAC OR PULINDNARY
a 3-day period	Coronary heart disease Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease
2.1.2 Nave	n. Congestive heart failure
5. PHYSICAL FUNCTION IMPROVEMENT POTENTIAL P.	PSYCHIATRIC
0.No 1.Yes	n. Anxiety b. Bipolar disorder
a. Pa sun daleves ne / sne is cadadie di indioved	Depression
b. Care professional believes person is capable of	R. Schizophrenia
1223	NECTIONS
or oranteentrale contract to contract to the contract contract contract contract to the contract c	Pneumonia Urinary tract infection in last 30 days
0. Improved	OTHER
1. No change	Cancer
S. Glostali	i. Diabetes mellitus
7. DRMNG a. Drove car (vehicle) in the LAST 90 DAYS	OTHER DISEASE DIAGNOSES Diagnosis Disease Code ICD code
0.No 1. Yes	
b. If drove in LAST 90 DAYS, a ssessor is aware that	
someone has suggested that person limits OR stops driving	
0. No, or does not drive 1. Yes	
SECTION H. CONTINENCE	
1. BLADDER CONTINENCE	
Continent — Complete control; DOES NOT USE any type of catheter or other urinary collection device	ote: Add additional lines as necessary for other disease diagnose
1. Control with any catheter or ostomy overlast3 days	ECTION J. HEALTH CONDITIONS
last 3 days, but does have inconfinent episodes	FALLS
4. Frequently incontinent—Daily, but some controlpresent	0. No fall in last 90 days
 Incontinent—No control present Did not occur—No urine output from bladder in last 3 days 	1. No fall in last 30 days, but fel 31-90 days ago 2. One fall in last 30 days
2. URINARY COLLECTION DEVICE (Exclude pads / briefs)	3. Two or more falls in last 30 days
0 None	RECENT FALLS [Skip flast assessed more than 30 days ago or lith is is first assessme.]
Indiversity catheter Substituting catheter Substituting catheter Substituting catheter	0. No 1. Yes
20 A COLON AND A C	[blank] Not applicable (first assessment, or more than
3. BOWEL CONTINENCE 0. Continent—Complete control; DOES NOT USE any type of	30 days since last assessment)
ostomy device	PROBLEMFREQUENCY
overlast3 days	Code for presence in last 3 days 0. Not present
Infrequently incontinent—Not incontinent over last 3 days, but does have incontinent episodes	1. Present but not exhibited in last 3 days
Coc as ionally incontinent—Less than daily Frequently incontinent—Daily, but some control present Mcontinent—No control present	2. Exhibited on 1 of last 3 days 3. Exhibited on 2 of last 3 days
5. Incontinent—No control present 8. Did not occur—No bowel movement in the last 3 days	4. Exhibited daily in last 3 days

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BALANCE	c. Consistency of pain
a. Difficult or unable to move self to standing position	0. No pain 1. Single episode during last 3 days
unassisted b. Difficult or unable to turn self around and face the	2. Intermittent
opposite direction when standing	3. Constant
c. Dizziness	d. Breakthrough pain—Times in LAST 3DAYS when person experienced sudden, acute flare-ups of pain
d. Unsteady gait	0.No 1.Yes
CARDIAC OR PULMONARY	e. Pain control —Adequacy of current therapeutic regimen to
e. Chest pain	control pain (from person's point of view)
f. Difficulty clearing airway secretions	No issue of pain Pain intensity acceptable to person; no treatment
PSYCHIATRIC	regimen or change in regimen required
g. Abnormal thought process—e.g., loosening of	Controlled adequately bytherapeutic regimen Controlled when therapeutic regimen followed,
associations, blocking, flight of ideas, tangentiality, circumstantiality	but not always followed as ordered
	Therapeutic regimen followed, but pain control not adequate
h. Delusions —Fixed false beliefs	 No therapeutic regimen being followed for pain; pain
i. Hallucinations—False sensory perceptions	not adequately controlled
NEUROLOGICAL	7. INSTABILITY OF CONDITIONS
j. Aphasia	0. No 1. Yes a. Conditions / diseases make cognitive, ADL, mood or
GISTATUS	behavior patterns unstable (fluctuating, precarious,
k. Acid reflux—Regurgitation of acid from stomach to throat	or deteriorating)
 Constipation—No bowel movement in 3 days or difficult passage of hard stool 	b. Experiencing an acute episode, or a flare-up of a recurrent or chronic problem
m. Diarrhea	7.5
n. Vorniting	c. End-stage disease, 6 or fewer months to live
WHITE STATE OF THE	8. SELF-REPORTED HEALTH
SLEEP PROBLENG	Ask: "In general, how would you rate your health?" 0. Excellent
 Difficulty falling asleep or staying asleep; waking up too early; restlessness; non-restful sleep 	I ■ 1 Good -
p. Too much sleep —Excessive amount of sleep that	2. Fair 3. Poor
interferes with person's normal functioning	8. Could not (would not) respond
OTHER	9. TOBACCO AND ALCOHOL
q. Aspiration	a. Smokestobacco daily
r. Fever	0. No 1. Not in last 3 days, but is usually a daily smoker [
s. Gl or GU bleeding	2. Yes L
t. Hygiene —Unusually poor hygiene, unkempt, disheveled	b. Alcohol—Highest number of drinks in any "single sitting" in
u. Peripheral edema	LAST14DAYS 0. None
	1. 1 2. 24
4. DYSPNEA (Shortness of breath) 0. Absence of symptom	2. 24 3. 5 or more
 Absent at rest, but present when performed moderate 	SECTION K. ORAL AND NUTRITIONAL STATUS
activities 2. Absent at rest, but present when performed normal	
day-to-day activities	1. HEIGHT AND WEIGHT [INCHES AND POUNDS-COUNT] SPECIFIC:
3. Present at rest	Record (a.) height in inches and (b.) weight in pounds. Base weig
5. FATIGUE	on most recent measure in LAST30 DAYS.
Inability to complete normal daily activities—e.g., ADLs,IADLs 0. <i>No n</i> e	a. HT (in.) b. WT (lb.)
 Minimal—Diminished energy but completes normal 	AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER
day-to-day activities 2. Mbderate —Due to diminished energy, UNABLE TO	2. NUTRITIONAL ISSUES
FINISH normal day-to-day activities	0. No 1. Yes a. Weight loss of 5% or more in LAST 30 DAYS, or 10%
 Severe—Due to diminished energy, UNABLE TO STAR 	or more in LAST 180 DAYS
SOME normal day-to-day activities 4. Unable to commence any normal day-to-day	b. Dehydrated or BUN / Cre_ratio>25
activities—Due to diminished energy	[Ratio, country specific]
6. PAIN SYMPTOMS	c. Fluid intake less than 1,000 cc per day (less than
[Note: Always ask the person about pain frequency, intensity,	four 8 oz cups/day)
and control. Observe person and ask others who are in con-	d. Fluid output exceeds input
tact with the person.]	3. MODE OF NUTRITIONAL INTAKE
Frequency with which person complains or shows widered of pain finely diag grimesing teeth elements.	O Manual Cuallana all traca of foods
evidence of pain (including grimacing, teeth clenching moaning, withdrawal when touched, or other non-	 1. Nb diffed independent—e.g., liquid is sipped, takes
verbal signs suggesting pain)	limited solid food, need for modification may be unknow 2. Requires diet modification to swallow solid food—
No pain Present but not exhibited in last 3 days	e.g., mechanical diet (e.g., puree, minced, etc.) or only
Exhibited on 1-2 of last 3 days	able to ingest specific foods
Exhibited daily in last 3 days	3. Requires modification to swallow liquids—e.g., L thickenedliquids
 b. Intensity of highest level of pain present 0. No pain 	4. Can swallow only pureed solids —AND—thickene
1. Mid	liquids 5. Combined oral and parenteral or tube feeding
2. Moderate	6. Nasogastric tube feeding only
Severe Times when pain is horrible or excruciating	7. Abdominal feeding tube—e.g., PEG tube
	 Parente ral feeding on ty—Indudes all types of parenteral feedings, such astotal parenteral nutrition (TPN)

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I. DENTAL OR ORAL		Care (HC	100000	ua cod	le		3	9-ATC o
0.No 1. Yes		a.Name			d.Route	e Fren		NDC
a. Wears a denture (removable prosthesis)	<u> </u>	a. Hallic	J.DO&	C.OIBC	u.Rodie	сл тец	LEISH	code
 b. Has broken, fragmented, loose, or otherwise non- intact natural teeth 	11.		1					7
c. Reports having dry mouth	2.							
d. Reports difficulty chewing	3.							
SECTION L. SKIN CONDITION	4.							
. MOST SEVERE PRESSURE ULCER	5	WW.		4	×	3	9	X
No pressure ulcer Any area of persistent skin redness	82	(60)		ì			7	
Partial loss of skin lavers		JNOTE: Add ac	lditional lin	es.asn	ecessarv.	for other	drugs tak	ren)
Deep craters in the skin Breaks in skin exposing muscle or bone		[Abbreviation:	s <i>are Coun</i>	try Spe	cific forUr	nt, Route	e, Freque	ncy]
5.Not codeable, e.g., necrotic eschar predominant	2	ALLERGY TO	ANY DR	UG				22
PRIOR PRESSURE ULCER 0. No 1. Yes		0. No k	nown drug	allergie	s	1. Ye	S	
. PRESENCE OF SKIN ULCER OTHER THAN PRESSURE	3	ADHERENT'			NS PRES	SCRIBE	DBYPH	YSICIAI
ULCER-e.g., venous uker, arterial uker, mixed venous-		0. Al we 1. Adhe	rysadhere erent 80% i	ent oftime (or more			
arterial ulcer, diabetic foot ulcer 0. No 1. Yes		Adhe	erent lesstl	han 80%	6 of time,	induding	failure to	9 I.L
. MAJOR SKIN PROBLEMS—e.g., lesions, 2nd or 3rd		8. No rr	hase preso redications	prescri	edications bed	S		
degree burns, healing surgical wounds		SECTION N	I. TREA	TME N	TAND	PROC	EDURE	S
0.No 1.Yes	1	PREVENTION	N					
i. SKIN TEARS OR CUTS—Other than surgery 0. No 1. Yes		0.No				Yes		
OTHER SKIN CONDITIONS OR CHANGES IN SKIN		a. Blood pre					₹	
CONDITION—e.g., bruises, rashes, tching, mottling, herpes zo	oster,	b. Colonosc						-
intertrigo, eczema 0. No 1. Yes		d. Eye exam		H Mas	K			
. FOOT PROBLEMS—e.g., bunions, hammer to es, overlapping		e. Hearing ex			ADC			
toes, structural problems, infections, ulcers 0. No foot problems								
 Foot problems, no limitation in walking 		f. Influenza				ACT OF	UE A DE	
Foot problems limit walking Foot problems prevent walking		g. Mammog (for work		east e	xam ın ı	.AS1 Z	TEARS	
4. Foot problems, does not walk for other reasons.	4	h. Pneumova	x vaccine	in LAS	T 5 YEAR	S or aft	erage6	5
SECTION M. MEDICATIONS	2.	TREATMENT	S AND P	ROGRA	MS REC	EMED (OR SCHE	DULH
. LIST OF ALL MEDICATIONS		N THE LAST	3 DAYS (
List all active prescriptions, and any non-prescribed (over the		LESS THAN:	3 DAYS) ordered A	ND did	not occur			
counter) medications taken in the LAST3 DAYS		1. Ord	dered, not in	npleme				
[Note: Use computerized records if possible; hand enteronly wi	hen	2. 1-2 3. Dai	of last 3 d llyin last 3	ays davs				
absolutely necessary) For each drug record:	33	TREATMENT		NO.500		00000 4 0000	um reconocció	
a. Name		a. Chemother	ару		h. Trach i. Trans		ny care	8
b. Dose —A positive number such as 0.5, 5, 150, 300.	3	. Dialysis			j. Venti		raenirat	or —
[Note: Never write a zero by itself after a decimal point (X mg).	c. Infection c e.g., isolation	ontrol—	H	k. Wour		respirac	_
Alwaysuse a zero before a decimal point (0.X mg)]		quarantine		Щ	PROGR			
c. Unit—Code using the following list gtts (Drops) mEq (Milli-equivalent) Puffs	10	. IV medicati	on		Sche	duled to	oleting	
gm (Gram) mg (Milligram) % (Percent)	100	. Oxygen the	гару		' progr	aiii		
L (Liters) ml (Milliter) Units mcg (Microgram) oz (Ounce) OTH (Other)	9	Radiation			m.Pallia	tive car	eprogra	m
d. Route of administration—Code using the following list		. Suctioning			n. Turni progr		ositionii	ng 🗆
PO (By mouth/oral) REC (Rectal) ET (Enteral Tu	ibe)				progr	7		-
SL (Sublingual) TOP (Topical) TD (Transdem M (Intramuscular) H (Inhalation) EYE (Eye)		FORMALCA		90000000			NAME OF STREET	
N/ (Intravenous) NAS (Nasal) OTH (Other)		Days (A) and Extent of care/t				e in last	7 days	/ P)
Sub-Q (Subcutaneous)		(or since last as	sessment			SS	(A)	(8) Tatal Minutes
 Freq—Code the number of times per day, week, or month the medication is administered using the following list: 	e	than 7 days) in	volving:				(A) For Days	in best week
Q1H (Everyhour) 50 (5 times daily)	- 0	a. Home heal						
Q1H (E very hour) 5D (5 times daily) Q2H (E very 2 hours) Q2D (Every drer day) Q3H (E very 3 hours) Q3D (Every 3 days) Q4H (E very 4 hours) Weekby Q8H (E very 8 hours) W (2 times weekly) Q8H (E very 8 hours) 3W (3 times weekly)		b. Home nur s						
Q4H (Every 4 hours) Weekdy Q6H (Every 6 hours) 2W (2 times weekly)		c. Homemaki	ng servic	es				
O6H (Every 6 hours) 2W (2 times weekly) O8H (Every 8 hours) 3W (3 times weekly) Daily 4W (4 times weekly)		d. Meals						
Daily 4W (4 times weekly) BED (At bedtime) 5W (5 times weekly) BID (2 times daily) 6W (6 times weekly)	- 2	e. Physical th		V.				
(includes every 12 mrs) 11M1 (Monthly)	- 100	f. Occupation g. Speech-lan		Steriorum	cand are	diologe	3-8	4 1
TID (3 times daily) 2M (Twice évery month) QID (4 times daily) OTH (Other)	1 5	g. Speech-lan services	Anaac ba	นพพฎ	y arru aU	aroro GA	5	
		h. Psycholog	1 44					

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_	interRAI Home	Cale (⊓C)⊜
4.	HOSPITAL USE, EMERGENCY ROOM USE, PHYSICIAN VISIT Code for number of times during the LAST90 DAYS (or	2. LIVES IN APARTMENT OR HOUSE RE-ENGINEERED ACCESSIBLE FOR PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES
	since last assessment if LESS THAN90 DAYS) a. Inpatient acute hospital with overnight stay	0.No 1. Yes 3. OUTSDE ENVIRONMENT
	b. Emergency room visit (not counting overnight	0.No 1. Yes
	stay) c. Physician visit (or authorized assistant or practitioner)	a. Availability of emergency assistance—e.g., telephone, alarm response system
5	. PHYSICALLY RESTRAINED—Limbs restrained, used	b. Accessibility to grocery store without assistance
_	bed rails, restrained to chair when sitting	c. Availability of home delivery of groceries
	0.No 1.Yes L_	4. FINANCES
	SECTION O. RESPONSIBILITY	Because of limited funds, during the last 30 days made trade offs among purchasing any of the following: adequate food, shelter,
1.	. LEGAL GUARDIAN [EXAMPLE-USA] 0.No 1. Yes	clothing; prescribed medications; sufficient home heat or cooling; necessary health care
	SECTION P. SOCIAL SUPPORTS	0.No 1. Yes
1	. TWO KEY INFORMAL HELPERS a. Relationship to person	SECTION R. DISCHARGE POTENTIAL AND OVERALL STATUS
	Child or child-in-law Spouse Pathor (consistency 1 2	ONE OR MORE CARE GOALS MET IN THE LAST 90 DAYS (OR SINCE LAST ASSESSMENT IF LESS THAN 90 DAYS)
	3. Partner / significant other 1 2 4. Parent / guardian	0, No 1, Yes
	5. Sibling 6. Other relative 7. Friend	2. OVERALL SELF SUFFICENCY HAS CHANGED SIGNIFICANTLY AS COMPARED TO STATUS OF 90 DAYS AGO (OR SINCE LAST ASSESSMENT IF LESS THAN 90 DAYS)
	8. Neighbor 9. No informal helper b. Lives with person Helper	Improved [Skip to Section S] No change [Skip to Section S] Deteriorated
	0. No 1 2 1. Yes, 6 months or less 2. Yes, more than 6 months	CODE FOLLOWING THREE STEMS IF "DETERIORATED" INLAST 90 DAYS - OTHERWISE SKIP TO SECTION S
	8. No informal helper AREAS OF INFORMAL HELP DURING LAST 3 DAYS Helper	3. NUMBER OF 10 ADL AREAS IN WHICH PERSON
	O. No 1. Yes 8. No informal helper 1 2 c. IADL help	WAS INDEPENDENT PRIOR TO DETERIORATION 4. NUMBER OF 8 IADL PERFORMANCE AREAS IN
2	d. ADL help	WHICH PERSONWAS INDEPENDENT PRIOR TO
۷.	INFORMAL HELPER STATUS 0. No 1. Yes	DETERIORATION
	a. Informal helper(s) is unable to continue in caring activities—e.g., decline in health of helper makes it.	5. TIME OF ONSET OF THE PRECIPITATING EVENT OR PROBLEMRELATED TO DETERIORATION 0. Within last 7 days
	b. Primary informal helper expresses feelings of	1.8to14 daysago 2.15to30 daysago
	distress, anger, or depression c. Family or close friends report feeling overwhelmed by person's illness	3, 31 to 60 days ago 4, More than 50 days ago 8, No clear precipitating event
2	. HOURS OF INFORMAL CARE AND ACTIVE MONITORING	SECTION S. DISCHARGE
J.	DURING LAST 3DAYS For instrumental and personal activities of daily	[Note: Complete Section S at Discharge only] 1. LAST DAY OF STAY
	living in the LAST3 DAYS, indicate the total number of hours of help received from all family, friends, and neighbors	2 0 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —
4.	STRONG AND SUPPORTIVE RELATIONSHIP WITH FAMILY	2. RESIDENTIAL / LIVING STATUS AT TIME OF ASSESSMENT
	0.No 1.Yes	Private nome / apartment / rented room Board and care
	SECTION Q. ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT	Assisted living or semi-independent living Mental health residence—e.g., psychiatric group home Group home for persons with physical disability
1.	. HOME ENVIRONMENT Code for any of following that make home environment hazardous	Setting for persons with physical disability Setting for persons with intellectual disability Psychiatric hospital or unit
	or uninhabitable (if temporarily in institution, base assessment on home visit) 0. No 1. Yes	Homeless (with or without shelter) Long-term care facility (nursing home) N. Rehabilitation hospital / unit N. Hospice facility / palliative care unit
	a. Disrepair of the home—e.g., hazardous dutter, inadequate or no lighting in living room, sleeping room,	11. Hospice facility/palliative care unit 12. Acute care hospital 13. Correctional facility
	kitchen, tollet, comidors; holes in foor, leaking pipes b. Squalid Condition—e.g., extremely dirty, infestation by rats or bugs	14. Other 15. Deceased
	c. Inadequate heating or cooling—e.g.,toohat in summer, too cold in winter	SECTION T. ASSESSMENT INFORMATION SIGNATURE OF PERSON COORDINATING/COMPLETING
	d. Lack of personal safety—e.g., fear of violence, safety problem in going to mailbox or visiting neighbors, heavy traffic in street	THE ASSESSMENT 1. Signature (sign on above line)
	e. Limited access to home or rooms in home—e.g., difficulty entering or leaving home, unable to dimb stairs,	2. Date assessment signed as complete